



ADULT CONSULTATION FOR VASCULAR OR ENDOVASCULAR SURGERY

Note:

- 1- Refer to the clinical alerts on the back of the form.
- 2- Favor, if available, the protocols of the Accueil Clinique before filling it out
- 3- If previously known to a vascular surgeon, direct referral is preferred.

Patient's first and last name				
Health insurance number	Expiry	Year	Month	
Parent's first and last name				
Area code Phone number	Area code	Phone number	er (alt.)	
Address				
Postal code				

Rea	son for consulta						≤ 28 days D : ≤ DS; use the following				
cy		th critical ischemia (gangrene, ischemic n, or new foot wound of < 2 weeks) B Aneurysm: consider only anteroposterior (AP) and transverse (T) diameter measurements. The presence of thrombus within the aneurysm does not influence level of urgency (Prerequisite: imaging report)									
Arterial Insufficiency	PVD with critic or chronic wor		with dry gangreneks)	е	С	1000	Abdominal Aorta ¹	☐ Rapid	d growth re ameter	egardless	С
A	Intermittent claudication	Seve	re and incapacita	ting	D		Refer to the clinical alerts	(≥ 10 mm/year)			
		Stabl	e		Е			☐ 50-70 mm		C	
	Refer to the clinic	cal alerts				/sm		31-44			E
(0)	(Prerequisite: imagin	ng report)				eur	Descending th			≥ 60 mm	C
osis			fugax with >50% carotid	В	An	(Prerequisite: TDM or ETT			□ < 60 mm	E	
Carotid Stenosis			ent symptoms nd less than 4 n	nonths		Asymptomatic Aneurysm	Iliac artery			≥ 30 mm	С
0,	Severe asymp	otomotio > 70	9/ stancsia		D	tom				□ < 30 mm	Е
	Refer preferentially to v			or than CRDS		d m/	Popliteal artery			□ ≥ 20 mm	С
cy			•	iei tiiaii Oi ibo	D	Asi				□ < 20 mm	E
Venous Insufficiency			vith failure of medical rrent ulcer (CEAP ≥ 4/6)³				Visceral aneurysm (renal, splenic, mesenter			□ ≥ 20 mm	С
Venous sufficien	☐ Varicose veins with s	s with severe	e reflux of the are	at small	Е		(ronal, opionio,			□ < 20 mm	E
lns	or accessory	saphenous v		at, oman			Visceral ar of childbea	neurysm in a Iring age	woman	Any diameter	В
	Other reason for	r consultat	ion or clinical	priority mo	difica	tion				Clinic	al priority
	(MANDATORY ju	ustification	in the next se	ection):							
Sus	spected diagnosi	is and clini	cal informatio	n (mandato	rv)				If prere	quisite is nee	ded :
				, , , , , ,	•					ilable in the QHR	
										ched to this form	
Spe	ecial needs:										
	erring physician	identificat	ion and point	of service				Stamp			
Referri	ng physician's name				'	Licence	no.				
Area c	ode Phone no.		Extension	Area code	Fax no.						
Name	of point of service										
Ivalle	or point or service										
Sign	ature				Date (year, mo	onth, day)				
	nily physician:	Same as	referring physicia	n Patie	nt with	no fam	ily physician	Registere	d referra	l (if required)	
Family	physician's name							you would like oint of service	e a reterral f	or a particular phys	ician or
Name	of point of service										

Legend

- Primary care physician should follow patients with annual ultrasound exams if AAA < 45mm diameter (Refer to quidelines: www.choosingwiselycanada.org/recommendations/vascular-surgery/)
- ² Aneurysm of **descending** thoracic aorta: use this form to refer to vascular surgery Aneurysm of **ascending** thoracic aorta: refer directly to cardiac surgery and not to CRDS
- ³ Clinical classification of venous insufficiency (CEAP)

CEAP	Clinical Classification	CEAP	Clinical Classification
C1	Telangiectasias or reticular veins	C4	Stasis dermatitis or hyperpigmentation
C2	Varicose veins	C5	Healed stasis ulcers with scarring
C3	Edema	C6	Active venous stasis ulcer

⁴ There is no surgical indication, with few exceptions, if there is no documented reflux of the great, small or accessory saphenous vein

For more information about vascular and endovascular surgery, refer to the association site: www.acvq.quebec

Clinical alerts (non-exhaustive list)

Refer the patient to the Emergency-department

- · Suspicion of acute ischemia with motor or sensory deficit of upper or lower extremity
- · Acute mesenteric ischemia
- · All aneurysms associated with pain or suspicion of rupture (aortic, visceral or limbs)
- Suspicion of vascular infection (native artery or prosthetic graft)
- Acute hemorrhage or risk of hemorrhage, external or internal (vascular trauma, hemorrhage from vascular access for hemodialysis, acute aortic dissection, expanding hematoma, etc.)
- · Wet gangrene or suspicion of necrotizing infection of the foot
- · Plantar abscess with sepsis in a patient with suspected or known arterial insufficiency
- Suspicion of TIA or CVA with motor or sensory deficit or trouble with speech, fluctuating or transient during < 48 h or
 Use the Accueil clinique for (if available) and, depending on the patient's condition

Communicate with the vascular surgeon on call

For all situations that requires a priority A, including these following reasons, communicate with the vascular surgeon on call in your area:

- · Suspicion of recent ischemia (< 14 days) no residual motor or sensory deficit
- <u>Documented</u> carotid stenosis ≥ 50% with TIA, amaurosis fugax or recent CVA < 14 days
- Abdominal aorta > 70 mm