



OTOLARYNGOLOGY HEAD AND NECK SURGERY CONSULTATION ADULT AND PEDIATRIC

Note: Refer to the clinical alerts on the back of the form and favor, if available, the protocols of the Accueil Clinique before filling it out.

| Patient's first and last name | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Health insurance number | Expiry | Year Month | | | | | | | | |
| Parent's first and last name | | | | | | | | | | |
| Area code Phone number | Area code | Phone number (alt.) | | | | | | | | |
| Address | | | | | | | | | | |
| Postal code | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Reason for co | onsultation | Clinical priority s | cale: A | \: ≤ 3 da | ays | B: ≤ 10 days | C: ≤ 28 day | /s D: ≤ 3 months | E: ≤ 12 mor | nths |
|---|--|---|--|--------------|-----------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|-------------|--------|
| sitis Otology | Deafness | ☐ Chronic de | age delay (child eafness assessm ded: audiogram) | , | D E | | Adenoid and tonsills hypertrophy | mo | more than 3 months | | D E |
| | Repeated otitis or persistent serous otitis media (more than 3 months) | | | D | | ☐ Without sleep apnea ☐ Recurrent tonsilitis | | | E | | |
| | Symptomatic tinnitus for more than 6 months (Recommended: audiogram) | | | E | | Thyroid nodule (Prerequisite: Order TSH et ultrasound) | | | D | | |
| | Vertigo | Severe, at with normal | onormally debilita al neurological ex | ating kam | С | | Recent voice chang | e Co | Constant with no improvement, lasting more than 4 weeks | | |
| | | Recurrent several we | or getting worse eeks | over | D | Others | 3 | ☐ Ch | Chronic or intermittent voice change | | |
| | | eripheral unilater oral steroids and | | | С | Oth | Neck mass | Su | Suspicious of cancer | | В |
| | Recurrent and chronic epistaxis | | | D | | | | (Risk factors: alcohol, smoking, new finding or rapid growth) | | | |
| | ☐ Displaced nasal fracture ► If septal hematoma see Legend² | | | В | | | ☐ Wit | ☐ Without suspicion of cancer | | | |
| sinu | | XR not recomm | | | | | Oral lesion | Su | Suspicious of cancer | | В |
| Rhinosinusitis | Chronic rhinosinusitis or recurrent sinusitis (more than 3 per year) | | | E | | | Ве | Benign | | | |
| | Chronis rhinitis or chronic nasal obstructioni/septal deviation | | | E | | Head an for non-r | d neck skin nelanocytic | neck skin lesion, suspicious elanocytic cancer | | | |
| Other reason for consultation or clinical priority modification (MANDATORY justification in the next section): Suspected diagnosis and clinical information (mandatory) If prerequisite is needed: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Suspected diagnosis and clinical information (mandatory) If prerequisite is needed: Available in the QHR (DSQ) Attached to this form Ordered | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Special needs: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Referring phy ferring physician's | sician identifica | tion and point o | of servic | е | Lic | ence no. | Stam | ıp | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Area code Phone no. Extension Area code | | | | le Faxr | 10. | | | | | | |
| Name of point of service | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Signature Date (year, month, day) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Family physician: Same as referring physician Patient with no family physician Registered referral (if required) Family physician's name If you would like a referral for a particular physician or | | | | | | | | | | an or | |
| Name of point of service | | | | | | | | | | | |

Legend

¹ For patients 16 and older presenting with idiopathic acute peripheral facial paralysis in the first 72 hours and with no treatment contraindications:

Oral corticotherapy is strongly recommended. A treatment of 50 mg of prednisone once a day for 10 days is effective therapy. Concurrent prescription of antivirals is at the clinician's discretion. However, prescribing antivirals without corticotherapy is discouraged. It is also recommended to prescribe ocular lubricant along with artificial tears and nightime eye protection as needed. (American Academy of Otolaryngology Head and Neck Surgery).

² If the patient has a nasal fracture with a septal hematoma, refer to the Emergency department.

Clinical alerts (non-exhaustive list)

Contact the on-call ENT physician

- · Major uncontrolled epistaxis
- Nasal fracture with septal hematoma² (refer to the Emergency-department)
- · Peritonsillar abscess
- · Acute external otitis with complete stenosis of the external ear canal or cellulitis